

Management's Discussion and Analysis,

Financial Statements

And

Supplemental Information

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

And

Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Southern Teller County Health Services District Cripple Creek, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Southern Teller County Health Services District (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Other Supplemental Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental combining financial statements and the budgeted and actual revenues and expenses, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Stockman Kast Ryan + Co. LLP

July 17, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Southern Teller County Health Services District (the District) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the District.

Financial Highlights

- Net position increased by \$525,955 in 2023 compared with a decrease of \$821,902 in 2022.
- Operating revenues decreased by \$1,138,871 in 2023.
- Operating expenses decreased by \$1,648,503 in 2023.
- Property tax revenue decreased by \$14,942 in 2023.

Dissolution of the Cripple Creek Care Center

During 2022, the District discontinued operations of its Cripple Creek Care Center as a result of the impacts of COVID-19 outbreak. The Nursing Home Cripple Creek Care Center assets, liabilities, and change in net position were reclassified as discontinued operations in the provided financial statements. See further information in footnote 2.

Financial Statements

The District's financial statements are prepared using proprietary fund accounting that focuses on the determination of changes in financial position and cash flows in a manner similar to private-sector businesses. The District is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The District's financial statements consist of three statements: a *statement of net position*, a *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position* and a *statement of cash flows*.

The *statement of net position* presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the net difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may indicate whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position* presents both the operating revenues and expenses and non-operating revenues and expenses along with other changes in net position for the year. This statement is an indication of the success of the District's operations over the past year.

The *statement of cash flows* presents the change in cash and cash equivalents for the year resulting from operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the year.

Financial Position

The following presents the District's financial position without segregating discontinued operations:

		2023		2022		2021
Assets Current assets Capital assets, net	\$	5,189,286 1,794,132	\$	5,276,064 987,364	\$	5,984,936 1,383,568
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	6,983,418	<u>\$</u>	6,263,428	<u>\$</u>	7,368,504
Liabilities Current liabilities	Ś	350,032	Ś	139,227	Ś	282,596
Deferred inflows	<u>×</u>	1,377,007	<u>*</u>	1,393,417	¥	1,533,222
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for emergency reserve Unrestricted		1,794,132 84,724 <u>3,377,523</u>		987,364 59,295 3,684,125		1,383,568 178,752 3,990,366
Total net position		5,256,379		4,730,784		5,552,686
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	<u>\$</u>	6,983,418	<u>\$</u>	6,263,428	<u>\$</u>	7,368,504

Current assets and net position increased due primarily to construction of ambulance bays, property tax, and grant revenue. See information on capital assets below under capital assets.

Operating Results and Changes in the District's Net Position

The District's net position increased by \$398,996 in 2023, compared with an increase in 2022 of \$821,902. The operating results and change in net position, without segregating discontinued operations in 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

		2023		2022		2021
Operating revenues:						
Net patient service revenue	\$	576,589	\$	1,771,157	\$	4,047,340
Other operating revenues		173,168		117,471		101,065
Total operating revenues		749,757		1,888,628		4,148,405
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages		1,286,560		2,153,866		3,303,020
Employee benefits		537,766		759,343		892,851
Purchased services and professional fees		148,770		331,305		502,160
Depreciation		110,659		210,360		286,864
Contributed building rent and fuel		46,180		63,112		59,354
Other		483,434		743,886		914,130
Total operating expenses		2,613,369		4,261,872		5,958,379
Non-operating income, net		2,386,551		1,536,430		2,087,077
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses						
before grants restricted for capital assets		522,939		(836,814)		277,103
Grants restricted for capital assets		2,656		14,912		5,821
Increase (decrease) in net position	<u>\$</u>	525,595	<u>\$</u>	(821,902)	<u>\$</u>	282,924

The increase in the change in net position is primarily the result of increase in non-capital grants and gifts and dissolution of the Cripple Creek Care Center. Operating revenues decreased \$1,138,871 and expenses decreased \$1,648,503 from 2022 to 2023, due primarily to closing the Cripple Creek Care Center in June 2022.

The District's Cash Flows

Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating income and non-operating income discussed above.

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the District had \$1,794,132 and \$987,364, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2023 and 2022, the District acquired capital assets of \$917,427 and \$14,905, respectively. Depreciation expense totaled \$110,659 and \$210,360 during 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Budgetary Comparison

During 2023, the District's increase in net position of \$525,595 and decrease in 2022 of \$821,902, was over budget by \$1,073,501 and under budget by \$896,545, respectively. See further information on page 19.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact District Administration at (719) 689-2931.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

ASSETS		2023		2022
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and equivalents Property tax receivable Patient accounts receivables, net Inventory	\$	3,518,005 1,386,038 33,259 181,546	\$	3,615,131 1,402,448 59,834 185,458
Other current assets		70,438		13,193
Total current assets		5,189,286		5,276,064
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		1,794,132		987,364
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	6,983,418	<u>\$</u>	6,263,428
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	264,219 85,813	\$	74,439 64,788
Total current liabilities		350,032		139,227
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred property tax revenue NET POSITION		1,377,007		1,393,417
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for emergency reserve Unrestricted		1,794,132 84,724 3,377,523		987,364 59,295 3,684,125
Total net position		5,256,379		4,730,784
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	6,983,418	\$	6,263,428

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 576,589	\$ 547,510
Contributed building rent and fuel	46,180	63,112
Other operating revenue	 126,988	 48,820
Total operating revenues	 749,757	 659,442
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	1,286,560	1,016,690
Employee benefits	537,766	406,533
Purchased services and professional fees	148,770	105,198
Depreciation	110,659	75,098
Contributed building rent and fuel	46,180	63,112
Other	 483,434	 309,886
Total operating expenses	 2,613,369	 1,976,517
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	 (1,863,612)	 (1,317,075)
LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	 	 (1,155,297)
NON-OPERATING INCOME		
Property taxes	1,395,528	1,410,470
Specific ownership taxes	149,812	154,186
Interest income	45,723	511
Non-capital grants and gifts	795,488	123,561
Loss on disposal of assets		 <u>(53,170</u>)
Non-operating income, net	 2,386,551	 1,635,558
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES		
BEFORE OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	 522,939	 (836,814)
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
Grants restricted for capital assets	2,656	14,912
	 2,000	 11,312
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	525,595	(821,902)
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	 4,730,784	 5,552,686
NET POSITION, End of year	\$ 5,256,379	\$ 4,730,784

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
CONTINUING OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 619,574	\$ 528,430
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(512,167)	(391,488)
Payments to employees	(1,803,301)	(1,416,719)
Other receipts, net	 126,988	 48,820
Net cash used in continuing operating activities	 (1,568,906)	 (1,230,957)
DISCONTINUED OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from and on behalf of patients		1,491,009
Payments to suppliers and contractors		(504,852)
Payments to employees		(1,628,690)
Other receipts, net	 	 5,539
Net cash used in discontinued operating activities	 	 (636,994)
CONTINUING NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Non-capital grants and gifts	795,488	123,561
Deferred grant revenue		(123,561)
Property taxes	1,395,528	1,410,470
Specific ownership taxes	 149,812	 154,186
Net cash provided by continuing		
non-capital financing activities	 2,340,828	 1,564,656
CONTINUING CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(917,427)	(14,905)
Grants restricted for capital assets	2,656	14,912
Loss on disposal of assets	·	(53,170)
Net cash used in continuing capital		
and related financing activities	(914,771)	(53,163)
	 (31-1,7,1)	 (33,103)
DISCONTINUED CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash used in discontinued capital		
and related financing activities —		
Grants restricted for capital assets	 	 (131,469)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
CONTINUING INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by continuing investing activities — Investment income	 45,723	 511
DISCONTINUED INVESTING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided by discontinued investing activities —		
Investment income	 	 58
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(97,126)	(487,358)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year	 3,615,131	 4,102,489
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, End of year	\$ 3,518,005	\$ 3,615,131
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH USED IN CONTINUING OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss from operations	\$ (1,863,612)	\$ (1,317,075)
Loss from disposal of assets		53,170
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations		
to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation	110,659	75,098
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	110,039	75,096
Patient accounts receivable, net	26,575	(26,293)
Property tax recievable	16,410	7,213
Inventory and other current assets	(53,333)	(79,531)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	210,805	72,705
Deferred property tax revenue	 (16,410)	 (16,244)
Net cash used in continuing operating activities	\$ (1,568,906)	\$ (1,230,957)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General — Southern Teller County Health Services District (the District) is located in Cripple Creek, Colorado. The District operates Cripple Creek Care Center (the Nursing Home) and S.W.T.C. Emergency Medical Services (EMS). The District also includes a fund which accounts for the Mill Levy and Board of Director (Mill Levy) bank accounts and related activity. During a portion of 2022 and previously the District operated Cripple Creek Care Center (the Nursing Home). The operations of the Nursing Center were discontinued in 2022. (See Note 2.)The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of individuals elected by residents of the District. The District does not have component units and is not a component unit of another governmental entity.

Basis of Presentation — The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including all applicable statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated non-exchange transactions (principally federal and state grants) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated non-exchange transactions that are not program specific, property taxes, investment income, and interest expense are included in non-operating revenues and expenses and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Equivalents — The District considers all liquid investments with the original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Property Taxes — The District received approximately 47% and 41% of its financial support from property taxes during 2023 and 2022, respectively. These funds were used to support operations.

Property taxes are levied on December 15 based on the assessed value of property as certified by the County Assessor on October 1. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. Under Colorado law, all property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1 in the year following that in which they are levied.

Taxes are levied for the current year prior to November 1 and are payable in full April 30 of the subsequent year or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied.

Inventory — Inventory is stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out basis, or net realizable value.

Capital Assets — Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. In 2022 The District changed it capitalization policy to capitalize all capital assets exceeding \$1,000 to \$5,000. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets under capital lease obligations and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

Land improvements	5 – 20 years
Buildings and leasehold improvements	4 – 40 years
Equipment	3 – 20 years

Net Position — The District's net position is classified in the following components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted This component consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets are assets which have restrictions placed on the use of the assets through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Unrestricted This component consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Income Taxes — The District is exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code and State law.

Subsequent Events — The District has evaluated subsequent events for recognition or disclosure through the date of the Independent Auditors' Report, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

2. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As of June 15, 2022, the Nursing Center ceased operations and relocated all residents as a result of staffing shortages resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. As of December 31, 2022 all remaining assets and liabilities of the Nursing Center were transferred to EMS and Mill Levy.

Change in net position from discontinued operations reclassified in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position is as follows for the years ended December 31, 2022:

\$ 1,223,647
5,539
(2,253,072)
(131,411)
<u>\$ (1,155,297</u>)

3. PATIENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The District provides an allowance for bad debts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

As a service to the patient, the District bills third-party payors directly and bills the patient when the patient's liability is determined. Patient accounts receivable are due in full when billed.

Accounts are considered delinquent and subsequently written off as bad debts based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the patient or third-party payor. The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from third-party payers and patients at December 31 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Medicaid	12%	8%
Other third-party payors	20%	33%
Private pay	53%	51%
Medicare	15%	8%
Total	100%	100%

Patient accounts receivable are net of allowances for bad debts and contractual adjustments of \$353,656 and \$396,375 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

4. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates.

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and include estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for bad debts.

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payers follows:

Medicare — The District is reimbursed on a cost basis. The District is reimbursed at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audit thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary.

Medicaid — Services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates and cost reimbursement methodologies. The District is reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after audits by the Medicaid fiscal intermediary.

Approximately 36% and 60% of net patient service revenues are from participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term. Net patient service revenue decreased by approximately \$1,194,568 and \$2,276,183 during 2023 and 2022, respectively, as the result of prior-year settlements.

The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

The State of Colorado has implemented a provider fee on Medicaid providers which generates additional federal matching funds.

Provider fee revenue and expense for the Nursing Home were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Provider fee revenue	\$	241,382
Provider fee expense		<u>(111,770</u>)
Net excess of revenue over expense	<u>\$</u>	129,612

Provider fee revenue and provider fee expense resulted from Nursing Home operations and as a result has been recorded within discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements.

5. DEPOSITS

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash into eligible public depositories as determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA which allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of the District's cash is \$3,518,005 and \$3,615,131, and the bank balances of these accounts total \$3,550,192 and \$3,673,807, respectively. Of the bank balances, \$513,210 and \$508,728 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,036,982 and \$3,615,079 is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity is as follows for the years ended December 31:

	Balance at January 1, 2023	Additions	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2023
2023:				
Equipment Total accumulated	\$ 2,318,297	\$ 917,427		\$ 3,235,724
depreciation	(1,330,933)	(110,659)		(1,441,592)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 987,364</u>	<u>\$ 705,949</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,794,132</u>
	Balance at January 1, 2022	Additions	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2022
2022:	January 1,	Additions	Decreases	December 31,
2022: Equipment Total accumulated	January 1,	Additions \$ 1,528,304	Decreases \$ (259,395)	December 31, 2022
Equipment	January 1, 2022			December 31, 2022

Net capital assets of \$996,492 was reclassified to assets of discontinued operations at December 31, 2021. During 2022 assets that were previously considered to be assets of discontinued operations were placed into services by EMS. As of December 31, 2022, \$713,651 of the \$996,492 was transferred to EMS and reclassified with capital assets and included with additions. The remaining balance was disposed of during 2022.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss. There were no claims resulting from these risks that exceeded commercial insurance coverage during 2023 and 2022.

The District purchases medical malpractice insurance under a claims-made policy on a fixed premium basis. Further, the District is subject to the provisions of the Colorado Government Immunity Act which provides a limitation on the liability of the District. The District is not aware of any unasserted claims, unreported incidents or claims outstanding which are expected to exceed malpractice insurance coverage limits as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

8. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In 1999 Colorado voters approved Amendment 1 to the state Constitution which is commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights or the TABOR Amendment. The amendment applies to all units of local governments and limits taxes, spending, revenue, and multi-year debt (excepting bond refundings to lower interest rates and adding employees to pension plans). The District believes that it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR, as it is currently understood. Many of the provisions may not become fully understood without judicial review. The District has recorded an emergency reserve of 3% of its annual spending as required by TABOR.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	S.W.T.C. EMS	6 Mill Levy	Total
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 661,302		\$ 3,518,005
Property tax receivable	22.250	1,386,038	1,386,038
Patient accounts receivables, net Inventory	33,259 181,546		33,259 181,546
Other current assets	26,796		70,438
Due (to) from	57,020		70,430
Total current assets	959,922	2 4,229,364	5,189,286
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	1,794,132	2	1,794,132
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,754,054	4 \$ 4,229,364	\$ 6,983,418
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 264,219	9	\$ 264,219
Accrued expenses and	φ 204,21.		<i>у 204,213</i>
other current liabilities	85,813	3	85,813
Total current liabilities	350,032	<u> </u>	350,032
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred property tax revenue		1,377,007	1,377,007
NET POSITION	1 704 12	2	1 704 122
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for emergency reserve	1,794,132 72,921		1,794,132 78,401
Unrestricted	536,963		3,383,846
omestneted		2,040,003	3,303,040
Total net position	2,404,022	2 2,852,357	5,256,379
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 2,754,054	4 \$ 4,229,364	\$ 6,983,418

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	S.W.T.C. EMS	Mill Levy	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 576,589		\$ 576,589
Contributed building rent and fuel	46,180		46,180
Other operating revenue	126,988		126,988
Total operating revenues	749,757	<u>\$ </u>	749,757
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	1,286,560		1,286,560
Employee benefits	537,766		537,766
Purchased services and professional fees	67,561	81,209	148,770
Depreciation	110,659		110,659
Contributed building rent and fuel	46,180		46,180
Other	382,189	101,245	483,434
Total operating expenses	2,430,915	182,454	2,613,369
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(1,681,158)	(182,454)	(1,863,612)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)			
Property taxes		1,395,528	1,395,528
Specific ownership taxes		149,812	149,812
Interest income		45,723	45,723
Loss on disposal of assets			
Non-capital grants and gifts	795,488		795,488
Non-operating income, net	795,488	1,591,063	2,386,551
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES BEFORE OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(885,670)	1,408,609	522,939
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
Transfers from (to) affiliates	1,387,002	(1,387,002)	
Grants restricted for capital assets	2,656		2,656
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	503,988	21,607	525,595
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	1,900,034	2,830,750	4,730,784
NET POSITION, End of year	\$ 2,404,022	\$ 2,852,357	\$ 5,256,379

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES – COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
OPERATING REVENUES			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 327,500	\$ 576,589	\$ 249,089
Contributed building rent and fuel	53,000	46,180	(6,820)
Other operating revenue	500	126,988	126,488
Total operating revenues	381,000	749,757	368,757
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	1,644,987	1,824,326	(179,339)
Contributed building rent and fuel	53,000	46,180	6,820
Other	1,244,754	742,863	501,891
Total operating expenses	2,942,741	2,613,369	329,372
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(2,561,741)	(1,863,612)	698,129
NON-OPERATING INCOME			
AND CAPITAL GRANTS			
Property taxes	1,503,522	1,395,528	(107,994)
Non-capital and			
capital grants and gifts	498,313	795,488	297,175
Other	12,000	198,191	186,191
Total non-operating			
income and capital grants	2,013,835	2,389,207	375,372
INCREASE (DECREASE)			
IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ (547,906)</u>	\$ 525,595	\$ 1,073,501